THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW APPELLATE TRIBUNAL NEW DELHI

<u>M.A. No.98/2018</u> <u>Un-numbered Company Appeal (AT)) (Insolvency) No. /2018</u> <u>(F.No.12/03/2018/NCLAT/UR/171)</u>

In the matter of:

Geethanjali Convention Centre

.... Applicant/Appellant

Versus

Mr. R. Venkatakrishnan Respondent

Appearance: Ms. Aastha Mehta, Advocate for the Applicant.

24.04.2018

This is an application (no provision of law mentioned) to extend the time granted for compliance given under sub-rule (2) to rule 26 of the NCLAT Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the Rules).

2. The allegation in the application is that the delay was caused as there was bereavement in the family of the Applicant's counsel and also due to the fact that the file happened to be misplaced and could be traced out only in or around the second week of April 2018. Hence, the prayer is to condone the delay of 31 days in filing the Appeal after curing the defects.

3. The points that arise for consideration are: -

i) Is the time given for complying the direction to cure the defects liable to be extended under sub-rule (3) to rule 26 of the Rules?

ii) Reliefs.

4. **<u>Point No. (i)</u>**: - Heard the learned counsel for the Applicant.

The aforesaid Appeal under Section 61 of the I&B Code, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the Code) is against the order dated 09.02.2018 in CA 49/2017 in CP/472/ (IB)/2017 of the Hon'ble NCLT, Chennai Bench.

5. The aforesaid appeal is seen presented before the Registry on 12.03.2018. The appeal when scrutinised on 13.03.2018 was found to be defective and so on the same day the Applicant was informed of the defects with a direction to cure them within a period of seven days. The period of seven days' expired on 20.03.2018. However, the appeal was presented after curing the defects only on 20.04.2018. According to the Section there is a delay of 31 days' and hence the matter has been put up before me under sub-rule (2) to rule 26 of the Rules for appropriate orders.

6. Sub-section (2) to section 61 of the Code says that every appeal under subsection (1) shall be filed within 30 days before the Appellate Tribunal. The free certified copy of the impugned order is seen issued on 05.03.2018. Therefore, the Office has rightly computed the period of limitation from 06.03.2018 and when so computed, the period of 30 days for filing the appeal would expire on 04.04.2018.

7. The initial presentation of the appeal on 12.03.2018 is within the period of limitation. However, the subsequent presentation after curing the defects on 20.04.2018 is apparently after the expiry of 30 days for filing the appeal. The proviso to sub-section (2) to section 61 of the Code states that the period of 30 days for filing an appeal can be extended by a period of 15 days. However, this power can be exercised only by the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal. The time granted under sub-rule (2) to rule 26 for compliance can be extended by the Registrar under sub-rule (3) to rule 26, provided it is within the period of 30 days stipulated under the Code for filing an appeal, as the Rules cannot override the provisions of the Act. In the instant case, as the time taken is beyond the period of 30 days, the matter be placed before the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal for appropriate orders. Point answered accordingly.

8. **Point No.(ii)**: - M.A. No.98/2018 disposed of accordingly.

List the matter before the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal on 26.04.2018.

(C.S. Sudha) Registrar

M.A. No.98/2018